

South Africa

1. Data source	
Name of data source for income categories:	National Income Dynamics Survey, Wave 1
Year of data source:	2008
Type of data	
Sample survey data:	Yes
Register data:	No
Census data:	No
Description of survey:	The National Income Dynamics Study (NIDS) is the first national household panel study in South Africa. It is part of an intensive effort on the part of the government to track and understand the shifting face of poverty. The National Income Dynamics Study is implemented by the Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit (SALDRU) based at the University of Cape Town's School of Economics. The study began in 2008 with a nationally representative baseline sample of over 28,000 individuals in 7,305 households across the country. The survey continues to be repeated with these same household members every two years, with Wave 2 conducted in 2010/11 and Wave 3 in 2012.

2. Income deciles			
	Source data (2008)		Income deciles
01	Less than R 640	J	Less than R 950
02	R 641 – R 1 040	R	R 951 - R 1 500
03	R 1 041 – R 1 355	C	R 1 501 – R 2 000
04	R 1 356 – R 1 811	M	R 2 001 – R 2 700
05	R 1 812 – R 2 329	F	R 2 701 – R 3 450
06	R 2 330 – R 3 071	S	R 3 451 – R 4 500
07	R 3 072 – R 4 200	K	R 4 501 – R 6 200
08	R 4 201 – R 7 023	P	R 6 201 – R 10 350
09	R 7 024 – R13 125	D	R 10 351 – R 19 300
10	More than R13 125	H	More than R19 300
Income decile table refers to:			
Weekly		No	
Monthly		Yes	
Annual		No	
Are the income figures adjusted to 2014 level?		Yes	
If income data are adjusted, please provide the formula for adjustment:		The original income distribution data was for 2008. The data have been inflated to the end of 2014 using official consumer price inflation (CPI) trend data produced by Statistics South Africa. In South Africa, wages typically increase by CPI plus 1%, so we have adjusted on this basis. Due to panel design of NIDS, we have relied on the Baseline Wave, since subsequent rounds are no longer nationally representative. We have nonetheless compared the income deciles produced against two other sources: (i) the third wave of NIDS (2012) and (ii) the banded household income data from the 2013 round of the South African Social Attitudes Survey (SASAS).	
Do the national benchmark data refer to the household's total income, after tax and compulsory deductions, from all sources?		Yes.	
Do the national benchmark data refer to the household income for all households, unadjusted for size or type?		Yes.	
If no, please give the household definition used:		-	

3. Exchange rate	
National currency versus the Euro (€) at the time of fieldwork	12.84 South African Rands = 1 Euro (2015-01-23)